WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2025 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 3073

By Delegates Moore, Akers, Phillips, Lucas, Pritt,

Willis, Kyle, Chiarelli, B. Smith, Jeffries, and Maynor

[Introduced; referred

to the Committee on]

A BILL to amend and reenact §3-4A-1 and §3-4A-26 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to requiring separate voting equipment to be used for training purposes only; and restricting use of voting equipment that has been tested and sealed prior to any election.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 4A. ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.

§3-4A-1. Use of electronic voting systems authorized; separate systems for training purposes.

- (a) Electronic voting systems may be used for the purpose of registering or recording and computing votes cast in general, special and primary elections: Provided, That the use of the electronic voting systems shall be governed by the terms, conditions, restrictions and limitations imposed by this article.
- (b) Each county which is authorized to use electronic voting systems in any statewide election shall establish a written policy for securing the electronic voting equipment. The policy shall outline how the equipment is secured from tampering and under what circumstances county personnel are authorized to have access. The clerk of the county commission shall submit a copy of the policy to the Secretary of State by February 1 in each even-numbered year. The clerk shall also submit a copy of any change to the policy within thirty days after its adoption.
- (c) Each county shall have electronic voting systems designated for training purposes, which shall not be used in an election except in an emergency when:
- (1) Machine failure during in-person voting results in an insufficient number of machines to lawfully facilitate voting in an election; or
- (2) Insufficient county funds results in an inability to purchase separate machines to be designated for training purposes; *Provided*, That if a county does not have sufficient funds to purchase training-specific machines, the county shall test and certify free from error each machine used during the trainings in accordance with the requirements set forth in §3-4A-26 of this code

19 prior to the use of such machines in an election.

	§3-4A-26.	Test	of	automatic	tabulating	equipment.
1	(a) <u>No la</u>	ater than one	week prior to	the start of the cou	nt of the votes rec	orded on ballots or
2	screens in-pers	son voting p	eriod as prov	vided in §3-3-3 of	this code, the c	lerk of the county
3	commission sh	all have the	automatic	tabulating equipme	ent tested to as	certain that it will
4	accurately coun	t the votes ca	st for all office	es and on all measu	res. This test shal	I consist of a test of
5	the entire voting	g system, incl	uding remova	ıl of data from a vote	e-recording device	e and its transferral
6	to automatic tab	oulating equip	ment. The co	unty commission sl	nall give public no	tice of the time and
7	place of the test	t not less thar	1 48 hours no	r more than two we	eks prior to the te	st by publication of
8	a notice as a	Class I-0 le	gal advertise	ment in the count	y involved, in co	mpliance with the
9	provisions of §5	59-3-1 of this	code.			
10	(b)(1) V	ote-recording	devices use	ed and tested for	early voting may	also be used on
11	election day upo	on compliand	e with all of t	ne following require	ements:	
12	(A) Folio	owing the clos	se of early vo	ting, the personal e	lectronic ballot an	ed the programable
13	memory chip or	r election me	dia, definition	, and memory devi	ices shall be remo	oved and replaced
14	with another pe	ersonal electr	onic ballot ar	nd <u>a new</u> programa	ble memory chip	or election media,
15	definition, and r	nemory devic	<u>ces</u> prepared	for, but unused dur	ing, the current el	ection period; and
16	(B) The	printed pap	er trail used	during the early v	oting period shal	l be removed and
17	replaced with a	new paper tr	ail; and			
18	(C) The	vote-recordir	ıg device shal	l be retested prior to	being used on el	ection day <u>, sealed,</u>
19	and remain unto	ouched until t	the appropria	te time for the start	of voting as provi	ded by law.
20	(2) Any	personal elec	etronic ballot	programable memo	ory chip <u>or electior</u>	n media, definition,
21	and memory de	vices and pri	nted paper tr	ail removed from a	vote-recording de	vice used for early
22	voting shall be s	securely store	ed by the cour	nty clerk until such t	time as it is used t	o tally the votes on

(c) (1) A test performed pursuant to this section shall be open to representatives of the

election day in accordance with section twenty-seven of this article.

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political parties, candidates, the press and the public. It is to be conducted by processing a set of preaudited ballots marked to record a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate or each measure. For each multicandidate office, the test shall include one or more ballots which have cross-over votes in order to test the ability of the automatic tabulating equipment to record those votes in accordance with the provisions of this article and any other applicable law. For each office, the test shall include one or more ballots which have votes in excess of the number allowed by law in order to test the ability of the automatic tabulating equipment to reject votes. If, in the process of any of the test counts, any error is detected, the cause of the error is to be ascertained and corrective action promptly taken. After the completion of the corrective action, the test counts are to continue, including a retesting of those precincts previously test counted. Prior to the continuation of the testing, the county commission shall certify in writing, signed by each commissioner, the nature of the error, its cause and the type of corrective action taken. The certification shall be recorded in the office of the clerk of the county commission in the record book. Immediately after conclusion of this completed test, a certified duplicate copy of the test results shall be sent by certified mail to the offices of the state Election Commission, where it is to be preserved and secured for one year and made available for comparison or analysis by order of a circuit court or the Supreme Court of Appeals.

- (2) The tabulating equipment to be used in the election shall be immediately certified by the county commission to be free from error as determined by the test. All testing material shall be placed with the certification in a sealed container and kept under individual multiple locks with individual keys for each lock. The number of locks and keys shall be the same as the number of county commissioners together with the county clerk, with each commissioner and the county clerk having a single key in his or her possession. The sealed container shall be opened to conduct the test required immediately before the start of the official count.
- (3) The test shall be repeated immediately before the start of the official count and at the conclusion of the official count before If the count is approved as errorless and before the election

returns are approved as official. However, if the count is not errorless, the test shall be conducted again, and the results stored to be reviewed during the canvass. At the post-election audit procedure during canvass, the Board of Canvassers shall review the test results and make any final determination or further examination or testing prior to conducting the audit as provided in §3-4A-28(d) of this code.

(4) All results of all of the tests are to be immediately certified by the county commission, filed in the office of the clerk of the county commission and immediately recorded in the record book. On completion of the count, the test materials and test ballots are to be sealed, except for purposes of the canvass as provided in section twenty-eight of this article, and retained and kept under individual multiple locks and individual keys for each lock. The number of locks and keys shall be the same as the number of county commissioners together with the county clerk, with each commissioner and the county clerk having a single key in his or her possession.

(d) No voting equipment used during a training session or public demonstration shall be used in an election prior to being fully tested and sealed upon the completion of the testing required by this section. All voting equipment shall be sealed and remain unopened until such time as permitted by law for use in an election and shall not be utilized for any training session.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to require counties to utilize separate voting machines from those used for voting in an election, and to require testing of the automatic tabulating equipment prior to its use in an election.